Financial Justice Ireland

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

Company Number: 216006

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## Financial Justice Ireland DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

**Directors** 

Sean Byers Michael O'Sullivan Mary Kinane Francis Njuguna

Julianne Flynn (Resigned 1 November 2024)

**Company Secretary** 

Michael O'Sullivan

**Company Number** 

216006

**Registered Office and Business Address** 

12 Parliament Street

Dublin 2

Auditors

KSi Faulkner Orr Limited Statutory Auditors Behan House, 10 Lower Mount Street,

Dublin 2.

**Bankers** 

AIB

140 Lower Drumcondra Road

Dublin 9

## Financial Justice Ireland DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

#### Principal Activity and Review of the Business

The company is engaged in creating and increasing awareness of the issues of sovereign debt, taxation and other issues of financial justice, and their impact in Ireland as well as the Global South, seeking to empower people in Ireland to take informed action for greater economic justice and of the need for a just and sustainable financial system to bring about a world free from poverty and inequality.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital.

The company has worked in 2024 in accordance with our strategic priorities to challenge unjust power, bring about the cancellation of unjust debts where citizens are paying for debts, they are not responsible for, and achieve international tax justice so that companies and people pay their fair share of tax to society.

Our Financial Procedures Manual was updated and approved by the Board in October 2024. This includes our reserve policy, according to which the organisation aspires to retain 3 months of average expenditure at a given time, but commits to always having sufficient reserves to cover a minimum of 1-month average expenditure. When reserves reduce to a level below 3 months of average expenditure, the Director and the Board will strive to fundraise and adjust expenditure accordingly.

The directors aim to present a balanced and comprehensive review of the development and performance of the business during the year and its position as at the year end. Our review is consistent with the size and non-complex nature of our business and is written in the context of the risks and uncertainties we face.

The directors are satisfied that the results for the year are consistent with expected levels. 2024 saw the organisation continue to make significant strides in terms of organisational strengthening, while bedding down improvements to both the modes of organising our work and delivering our programs introduced in recent years.

The renewal of the staff team over 2022 and 2023 was further consolidated in 2024 and the company is now at the highest capacity of recent years. Staff continued to work based on a hybrid model of combining working from home with an average of one day every two weeks in our offices. Program delivery has continued to evolve to reflect the changing context and the needs and priorities of target groups. Staff capacity building and technical enhancements have continued helping us to deliver on all of our program targets.

Our relationships with funding partners remain robust, having been consolidated further in 2024, resulting in stable, and in some cases, increased support levels. In 2024 work continued with partners on pan-European projects with new opportunities coming to fruition including the beginning of a new multi annual funding stream with a consortium of European allies, which goes a long way towards further diversifying our funder base.

At the heart of our organisation remains the relationships that we have across the development education, adult and community and international development sectors. Our ability to deliver on our core education and awareness raising priorities depends on the quality of these relationships. Working with strategically identified multipliers for our work, both individual and institutional, is now fully integrated across our projects. While further improvement to internal coordination and management systems continues to be an important pillar in consolidating our institutional base and strengthening the organisation for the future.

### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The directors consider that the following is the principal risk factor that could materially and adversely affect the company's future operating results:

- Legal and Regulatory Standards Not Met
- Inadequate Financial Systems

The company has business policies and organisational structures to limit some of this risk and the Board of Directors and Management regularly review, reassess and proactively limit the associated risks insofar as possible.

#### **Financial Results**

The deficit for the financial year after providing for depreciation amounted to €(7,995) (2023 - €(26,418)).

At the end of the financial year, the company has assets of €214,014 (2023 - €156,461) and liabilities of €152,760 (2023 - €87,212). The net assets of the company have decreased by €(7,995).

## Financial Justice Ireland DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

#### Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the financial year, except as noted, were as follows:

Sean Byers Michael O'Sullivan Mary Kinane Francis Njuguna Julianne Flynn (Resigned 1 November 2024)

The secretary who served throughout the financial year was Michael O'Sullivan.

#### **Future Developments**

The company has developed an established place for itself within its sector and will continue developments in this area.

#### **Post Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

#### **Auditors**

The auditors, KSi Faulkner Orr Limited, (Statutory Auditors) have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

#### Taxation

Financial Justice Ireland is a "Not for Profit" organisation, which was granted "Mutuality of Trade" by the Revenue Commissioners in 1996, thereby exempting it from taxation on operating surpluses. However, investment income is liable to corporation tax.

#### Statement on Relevant Audit Information

In accordance with section 330 of the Companies Act 2014, so far as each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the statutory auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and they have established that the statutory auditors are aware of that information.

**Accounting Records** 

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at 12 Parliament Street, Dublin 2

Signed on behalf of the board

Michael O'Sullivan

Aldul Of Cline

Director

Date: 4th July 2025

Francis Njuguna Director

Date: 4th July 2025

## Financial Justice Ireland DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

	Signed on	behalf	of the	board
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Michael O'Sullivan

Adidal Of Min

Michael O'Sullivan Director

Date: 4th July 2025

Francis Njuguna

Director

Date: 4th July 2025

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT to the Members of Financial Justice Ireland

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

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We have audited the financial statements of Financial Justice Ireland ('the company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council, applying Section 1A of that Standard.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2024 and of its deficit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK
  and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and the Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 3 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### to the Members of Financial Justice Ireland

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Respective responsibilities

### Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 9, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

## The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Emma Delanev for and on behalf of

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KSI FAULKNER ORR LIMITED

Statutory Auditors Behan House,

10 Lower Mount Street,

Dublin 2. 4 July 2025

## Financial Justice Ireland APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Financial Justice Ireland INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

173,896
(200,314)
(26,418)
(26,418)
-

Approved by the board on 27th May 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

i.A. Sal Obilian	Mfizoia.	
Michael O'Sullivan Director	Francis Njuguna Director	

## Financial Justice Ireland BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2024

		2024	2023
	Notes	€	€
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	7	331	719
Current Assets Debtors Cash and cash equivalents	8	3,000 210,683	5,756 149,986
		213,683	155,742
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(152,760)	(87,212)
Net Current Assets		60,923	68,530
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		61,254	69,249
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account		61,254	69,249
Members' Funds		61,254	69,249

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

Approved by the board on .	27th May 2025 and signed on its behalf by:	
Antidad Of this	Mfrigua.	
Michael O'Sullivan Director	Francis Njuguna Director	

# Financial Justice Ireland RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS

as at 31 December 2024

	Retained surplus	Total
	€	€
At 1 January 2023	95,667	95,667
Deficit for the financial year	(26,418)	(26,418)
At 31 December 2023	69,249	69,249
Deficit for the financial year	(7,995)	(7,995)
At 31 December 2024	61,254	61,254

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1. General Information

Financial Justice Ireland is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in Ireland. 12 Parliament Street, Dublin 2 is the registered office, which is also the principal place of activity of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2024 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Income

Income represents grants, donations and membership fees receivable during the year and is accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### Reserves

Financial Justice Ireland have a reserves policy in place to:

- ensure that the organisation can continue to provide good quality work according to its mandate during a period of unforeseen funding delay;
- meet contractual liabilities should the organisation have to close. This includes redundancy pay, amounts due to creditors and commitments under leases;
- meet unexpected costs like breakdown of essential office machinery or legal costs defending the organisation's interest;
- provide working capital when funding is paid in arrears and place the organisation in a position where it could bid for funding which can be paid in arrears;
- meet the costs of winding up the organisation in the event that this is necessary;
- always be sufficient to cover a minimum of 1 month, but aspire to cover 3 months of average expenditure.

**Government grants** 

Grants are credited to deferred revenue. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the income and expenditure account as the related expenditure is incurred.

Grants are only recognised when all of the conditions of the grant are satisfied.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

33% Straight Line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### **Employee benefits**

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

#### **Taxation**

Financial Justice Ireland is a "Not for Profit" organisation, which was granted "Mutuality of Trade" by the Revenue Commissioners in 1996, thereby exempting it from taxation on operating surpluses. However, investment income is liable to corporation tax.

### 3. Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature, we use our auditors to prepare and submit tax returns to the Revenue and to assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

4.	Operating deficit	2024	2023
	Operating deficit is stated after charging:	€	€
	Depreciation of tangible assets	388	447
	(Surplus)/deficit on foreign currencies	-	310

### 5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 4, (2023-3).

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Director Global Citizenship Coordinator Outreach/Education/Communications	1 1 2	1 1 1
	4	3

#### 6. Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel received salaries of €45,202.

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

7.	Tangible assets	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		• •	€
	Cost At 1 January 2024	1,550	1,550
	At 31 December 2024	1,550	1,550
	<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 January 2024 Charge for the financial year	831 388	831 388
	At 31 December 2024	1,219	1,219
	Net book value At 31 December 2024	331	331
	At 31 December 2023	719	719
8.	Debtors	2024 €	2023 €
	Trade debtors	3,000	5,756
9.	Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	2024 €	2023 €
	Taxation Accruals Deferred Income	10,503 7,666 134,591	5,809 7,556 73,847
		152,760	87,212

### 10. State Funding

Agency	Development Cooperation and Africa Division of the Department of Foreign Affairs
Grant Programme	Irish Aid - Development Education
Purpose of the Grant	Support of 'Deepen and Build: Strengthening the landscape of critical Global Citizenship Education (GCE) in Ireland
Term	1 June 2023 to 31 May 2024
Deferred at 31 December 2023	€49,797
Total received in 2024	€0
Reflected in 2024	€44,198
Deferred at 31 December 2024	€0
Capital Grant	Nil
Restriction on use	Yes
Note	€5,599 was allowed to be carried over into the 2024 -2025 grant.

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

#### Agency

Grant Programme Purpose of the Grant

Term

Deferred at 31 December 2023 Total received in 2024

Deferred at 31 December 2024

Capital Grant Restriction in use

Reflected in 2024

Agency

Grant Programme Purpose of the Grant

Term

Deferred at 31 December 2023

Total received in 2024 Reflected in 2024

Deferred at 31 December 2024

Capital Grant Restriction in use

#### Agency

**Grant Programme** Purpose of the Grant

Term

Deferred at 31 December 2023 Total received in 2024

Reflected in 2024

Deferred at 31 December 2024

Capital Grant Restriction in use

#### Agency

Grant Programme Purpose of the Grant

Term

Deferred at 31 December 2023

Total received in 2024 Reflected in 2024

Deferred at 31 December 2024

Capital Grant Restriction on use

Note

### Agency

**Grant Programme** Purpose of the Grant

Deferred at 31 December 2023 Total received in 2024

Reflected in 2024

Deferred at 31 December 2024

Capital Grant Restriction on use **Development Cooperation and Africa Division of the** 

Department of Foreign Affairs WorldWise Global Schools - Irish Aid Support of WorldWise Global Schools 1 September 2023 to 24 May 2024

€22,657 €O €22,657 €0 No

Yes

#### Christian Aid UK

Financial advocacy

Advocacy on Debt, Tax and the IFIs 2021 - 2025

01/04/2021 to 31/03/2025

€1,393 €19.418 €19,168 €1,643 No Yes

**Development Cooperation and Africa Division of the** 

Department of Foreign Affairs WorldWise Global Schools - Irish Aid Support of WorldWise Global Schools 1 September 2024 to 31 May 2026

€0 €38,000 €15,650 €22,350 No Yes

Development Cooperation and Africa Division of the

Department of Foreign Affairs Irish Aid - Development Education

Supporting of 'Continuing to Deepen and Build: Strengthening the

landscape of critical Global Citizenship Education (GCE) in Ireland'

1 June 2024 to 31 May 2025

€0 €104,225 €59.828 €49,996 No Yes

€5,599 was carried over from the 2023 -2024 grant.

Development Cooperation and Africa Division of the Department of Foreign Affairs

DFA Global Citizenship Education Grant scheme

Connecting the dots: Linking economic, gender and climate

justice to tackle global challenges 1 June 2024 to 31 May 2025

€0 €10,099 €4.039 €6,060 No Yes

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

Agency

**European Network on Debt and Development** 

Connecting the dots: Linking economic, gender and climate Purpose of the Grant

justice to tackle global challenges

1 June 2024 to 31 May 2028 Deferred at 31 December 2023

€90,887 Total received in 2024

€36,345 Reflected in 2024

€54,542 Deferred at 31 December 2024 No Capital Grant

Restriction on use Yes

#### Status 11.

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members, or within one year thereafter, for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves, such amount as may be required, not exceeding €6.

#### 12. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2024.

#### Post-Balance Sheet Events 13.

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

#### Approval of financial statements 14.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on